# IPRS and DEVELOPING ECONOMIES: Performance and Policy

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## **A Progress Report**

- 1. Reforms in the developing world related to TRIPS, UPOV, WCT, WPPT, and FTAs.
- 2. Dissensions:
  - Critics
    - Harm Development Prospects (Chang 2001, Stiglitz 2002, Deere 2009)
    - Regressive Transfers from Poor to Rich Nations
  - Proponents
    - Mutual benefits: Tech Transfers, Local and Global Innovation, Reduction in Illicit Trade
    - Accommodations: i) Minimum Standards; ii) Flexibilities; iii) Transition Periods; iv) Article 66.2 (TRIPS) "encouraging technology transfer to [LDC] members ... enable them to create a sound and viable technological base."

U.S. Patent Grants and Rank. TOP 10 Foreign Countries							
	Grants 2015	2015	2005	1985	1970		
Japan	52409	1	1	1	3		
Korea, Rep.	17924	2	4	23	42		
Germany	16549	3	2	2	1		
Taiwan	11690	4	3	16	72		
China	8116	5	17	56	39		
Canada	6802	6	6	5	6		
France	6565	7	7	4	4		
UK	6417	8	5	3	2		
Israel	3628	9	12	15	20		
India	3355	10	18	36	28		
Share of:							
Upper Mid-Inc, excl. China 1.21%		1.21%	0.83%	0.72%	1.18%		
Lower Mid-Inc, excl. India 0.		0.14%	0.11%	0.05%	0.18%		
Low Income Countries		0.002%	0.001%	0.003%	0.012%		

Source: http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/ac/ido/oeip/taf/reports.htm

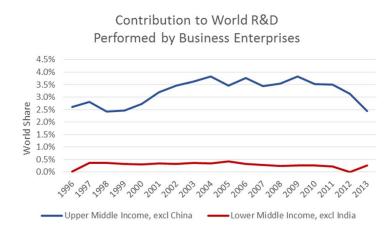
#### TOP 10 Countries,

#### **R&D** Performed by Business Enterprises

World Share 2011-2013

1	USA	31.2%
2	China	22.4%
3	Japan	12.1%
4	Germany	6.4%
5	Korea	5.4%
6	France	3.4%
7	U.K.	2.7%
8	India	1.8%
9	Russia	1.7%
10	Canada	1.4%

Source: UNESCO Statistics



Source: UNESCO

	2003			2012		
	Receipts	Payments	Balance	Receipts	Payments	Balance
Korea, Rep.	1532	4171	-2639	3307	8072	-4766
China	125	4145	-4020	1005	17083	-16078
India	28	642	-614	305	3848	-3544
South Africa	31	720	-689	65	1941	-1876
Brazil	126	1434	-1308	492	3529	-3037
Russian Fed.	203	830	-627	639	7343	-6704
	Receipts	Payments	Balance	Receipts	Payments	Balance
United States	66370	22499	43871	119638	40416	79222
Japan	14339	12836	1503	30651	19172	11479
Germany	5238	6223	-985	12892	11727	1165
France	4736	2833	1903	12248	8365	3884
United Kingdom	11776	9175	2602	10949	7852	3097
	Receipts	Payments	Balance	Receipts	Payments	Balance
Other High Income	28366	65710	-37344	64527	120522	-55995
Other Upper Middle	511	4605	-4095	972	10008	-9036
Other Lower Middle	242	1231	-989	228	3583	-3355
Low Income Countries	30	26	4	23	21	2

#### Technological Balance of Payments

Source: UNCTAD International trade in services: Royalties and license fees. Constant 2010 dollars.

### Some Explanatory Factors

- 1. Complementary Factors
  - "Quality of Institutions" (ADB Study)
- 2. Threshold Effects
  - Absorptive Capacities, Indigenous Technological Capacities
- 3. Gradualism vs. 'Big Push'
  - Baby Steps: Utility Models
- 4. Stage-Dependent IPRs
  - Grossman and Lai, 2004; Chu, Cozzi, and Galli, 2014
  - Differentiated IP standards, appropriate to nature of innovation and industrial mix

#### CPIP Fall Conference, Panel 5: IP and Development

- 5. Pro-Competitive Business Environment
  - Follow-on innovation and market entry
  - Open trade orientation
- 6. Costs of Acquiring and Defending IPRs
  - Onerous and prohibitive for SMEs and developing country inventors/creators
- 7. Compliance with TRIPS Article 66.2
  - More substantive tech transfers and commitments thereto